PRELIMINARY

NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

TFT COLOR LCD MODULE

NL8060BC31-36

31cm (12.1 Type) SVGA

PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET =

DOD-PP-0039 (1st edition)

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NL8060BC31-36

INTRODUCTION

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Examples: Military systems, aircraft control equipment, aerospace equipment, nuclear reactor control systems, medical equipment/devices/systems for life support, etc.

The quality grade of this product is the "Standard" unless otherwise specified in this document.

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PRELIMINARY

NEC NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

NL8060BC31-36

1. OUTLINE

1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE

Color LCD module NL8060BC31-36 is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight.

The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing circuit, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays.

The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

1.2 APPLICATION

• For industrial use

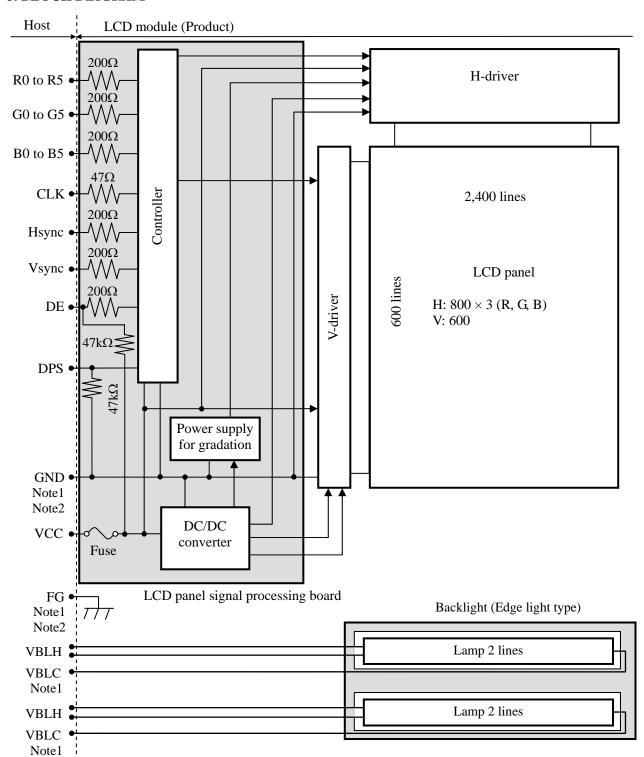
1.3 FEATURES

- Ultra high luminance
- High contrast
- Wide viewing angle
- Wide temperature range
- 6-bit digital RGB signals
- Reversible-scan direction
- Edge light type (without inverter)
- Replaceable lamp for backlight

2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Display area	246.0 (H) × 184.5 (V) mm						
Diagonal size of display	31cm (12.1 inches)						
Drive system	a-Si TFT active matrix						
Display color	262,144 colors						
Pixel	$800 (H) \times 600 (V)$ pixels						
Pixel arrangement	RGB (Red dot, Green dot, Blue dot) vertical stripe						
Dot pitch	$0.1025 \text{ (H)} \times 0.3075 \text{ (V)} \text{ mm}$						
Pixel pitch	$0.3075 \text{ (H)} \times 0.3075 \text{ (V)} \text{ mm}$						
Module size	280.0 (W) × 209.0 (H) × 16.5 (D) mm (typ.)						
Weight	900g (typ.)						
Contrast ratio	600:1 (typ.)						
Viewing angle	At the contrast ratio ≥10:1 • Horizontal: Right side 70° (typ.), Left side 70° (typ.) • Vertical: Up side 45° (typ.), Down side 55° (typ.)						
Designed viewing direction	 At DPS= Low or open: Normal scan Viewing direction without image reversal: up side (12 o'clock) Viewing direction with contrast peak: down side (6 o'clock) Viewing angle with optimum grayscale (γ=2.2): normal axis (perpendicular) 						
Polarizer surface	Clear						
Polarizer pencil-hardness	3H (min.) [by JIS K5400]						
Color gamut	At LCD panel center 40% (typ.) [against NTSC color space]						
Response time	$Ton+Toff (10\% \longleftrightarrow 90\%)$ 33ms (typ.)						
Luminance	At IBL = 6.0 mArms / lamp 1,100 cd/m2 (typ.)						
Signal system	6-bit digital signals for data of RGB colors, Dot clock (CLK), Data enable (DE), Horizontal synchronous signal (Hsync), Vertical synchronous signal (Vsync)						
Power supply voltage	LCD panel signal processing board: 3.3V or 5.0V						
Backlight	Edge light type: 4 cold cathode fluorescent lamps (Replaceable part • Lamp holder set: Type No. 121LHS21						
Power consumption	At IBL=6.0mArms / lamp, Checkered flag pattern 13.7W (typ., Power dissipation of the inverter is not included.)						

3. BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note1: Relations between GND (Signal ground), FG (Frame ground) and VBLC (Lamp low voltage terminal) in the LCD module are as follows.

GND - FG	Not connected
GND - VBLC	Not connected
FG - VBLC	Not connected

Note2: GND and FG must be connected to customer equipment's ground, and it is recommended that these grounds are connected together in customer equipment.

4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification		Unit
Module size	$280.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (W)} \times 209.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (H)} \times 16.5 \text{ (typ., D)} $ 17.0 (max., D)	Note1	mm
Display area	246.0 (H) × 184.5 (V)	Note1	mm
Weight	900 (typ.), 930 (max.)		gg

Note1: See "7. OUTLINE DRAWINGS".

4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks	
Power supply	LCD panel signal	processing board	VCC	-0.3 to +6.5	V	
voltage	Lamp v	voltage	VBLH	2,000	Vrms	T. 050G
Input voltage	Display No	VD	0.2 . 1/00 . 0.2	***	Ta=25°C	
for signals	Function Not		VF	-0.3 to VCC+0.3	V	
Storage temperature			Tst	-20 to +80	°C	-
Operating	Front surface			-10 to +70	°C	Note3
Operating	temperature	Rear surface	TopR	-10 to +70	°C	Note4
				≤ 95	%	Ta ≤ 40°C
	Relative humidity		RH	≤ 85	%	40°C <ta≤ 50°c<="" td=""></ta≤>
Note5			KII	≤ 55	%	50°C <ta≤ 60°c<="" td=""></ta≤>
				≤ 36	%	60°C <ta≤ 70°c<="" td=""></ta≤>
	Absolute humidity Note5		AH	≤ 70 Note6	g/m ³	Ta> 70°C

Note1: CLK, Hsync, Vsync, DE, DATA (R0 to R5, G0 to G5 and B0 to B5)

Note2: DPS

Note3: Measured at center of LCD panel surface (including self-heat)

Note4: Measured at center of LCD module's rear shield surface (including self-heat)

Note5: No condensation

Note6: Water amount at Ta= 70°C and RH= 36%

4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board

 $(Ta=25^{\circ}C)$

							(1a 25 C)
Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks	
Power supply volta	VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	at VCC= 3.3V	
Fower suppry voits	VCC	4.75	5.0	5.25	V	at VCC= 5.0V	
D 1		ICC	-	210 Note1	450 Note2	mA	at VCC= 3.3V
Power supply curre	Power supply current		-	140 Note1	300 Note2	mA	at VCC= 5.0V
Logic input voltage for	High	VDH	0.7VCC	-	VCC	V	
display signals	Low	VDL	0	-	0.3VCC	V	CMOS level
Input voltage for DPS	High	VFH	0.7VCC	-	VCC	V	CIVIOS IEVEI
signal	Low	VFL	0	-	0.3VCC	V	

Note1: Checkered flag pattern [by EIAJ ED-2522] Note2: Pattern for maximum current

4.3.2 Backlight lamp

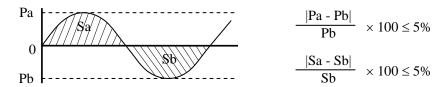
 $(Ta= 25^{\circ}C, Note1)$

Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Lamp current	IBL	3.0	6.0	6.5	mArms	at IBL= 6.0mArms: L= 1,100cd/m ² Note3, Note4
Lamp voltage	VBLH	-	540	-	Vrms	Note2, Note3
Lamp starting voltage	VS	1,380	-	-	Vrms	Ta= 25°C Note2, Note3, Note5
	VS	1,510	ı	- Vr		Ta= -10°C Note2, Note3, Note5
Lamp oscillation frequency	FO	40	-	60	kHz	Note6

Note1: This product consists of 4 backlight lamps, and these specifications are for each lamp.

Note2: The lamp voltage cycle between lamps should be kept on a same phase. "VS" and "VBLH" are the voltage value between low voltage side (Cold) and high voltage side (Hot).

Note3: The asymmetric ratio of working waveform for lamps (Power supply voltage peak ratio, power supply current peak ratio and waveform space ratio) should be less than 5 % (See the following figure.). If the waveform is asymmetric, DC (Direct current) element apply into the lamp. In this case, a lamp lifetime may be shortened, because a distribution of a lamp enclosure substance inclines toward one side between low voltage terminal (Cold terminal) and high voltage terminal (Hot terminal). When designing the inverter, evaluate asymmetric of lamp working waveform sufficiently.



Pa: Supply voltage/current peak for positive, Pb: Supply voltage/current peak for negative Sa: Waveform space for positive part, Sb: Waveform space for negative part.

Note4: This product consists of 4 lamps. 2 lamps are contained in the 1 lamp holder, and both lamps are connected to 1 low voltage cable. Recommended lamp current is 6.0mArms typical for each lamp, and sum of 4 lamps is 24mArms typical. The lamp current should be measured by high-frequency current meter at the low voltage terminal.

Note5: The inverter should be designed so that the lamp starting voltage can be maintained for more than 1 second. Otherwise the lamp may not be turned on.

Note6: In case "FO" is not the recommended value, beat noise may display on the screen, because of interference between "FO" and "1/th". Recommended value of "FO" is as following.

$$FO = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{th} \times (2n-1)$$

th: Horizontal cycle (See "4.9.2 Timing characteristics".)

n: Natural number (1, 2, 3)

Note7: Method of lamp cable installation may invite fluctuation of lamp current and voltage or asymmetric of lamp working waveform. When designing method of lamp cable installation, evaluate the fluctuation of lamp current, voltage and working waveform sufficiently.

4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple

This product works, even if the ripple voltage levels are beyond the permissible values as following the table, but there might be noise on the display image.

Power sup	ply voltage	Ripple voltage Note1 (Measure at input terminal of power supply)	Unit
VCC	3.3V	≤ 100	mVp-p
VCC	5.0V	≤ 100	mVp-p

Note1: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

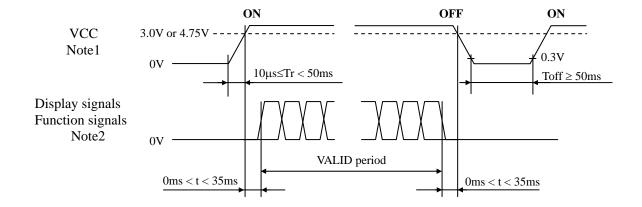
4.3.4 Fuse

Parameter]	Fuse	Rating	Fusing current	Remarks	
		Supplier	Rating	rusing current	Remarks	
VCC FCC16202AB KA		KAMAYA ELECTRIC	2.0A	4.0A	Note1	
VCC	1 CC10202AB	CO., LTD.	32V	4.0A	Note1	

Note1: The power supply capacity should be more than the fusing current. If it is less than the fusing current, the fuse may not blow in a short time, and then nasty smell, smoke and so on may occur.

4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE

4.4.1 LCD panel signal processing board



Note1: In terms of voltage variation (voltage drop) while VCC rising edge is below 3.0V in "VCC= 3.3V" or 4.75V in "VCC= 5.0V", a protection circuit may work, and then this product may not work.

Note2: Display signals (CLK, Hsync, Vsync, DE, DATA (R0 to R5, G0 to G5, B0 to B5)) and function signal (DPS) must be Low or High-impedance, exclude the VALID period (See above sequence diagram), in order to avoid that internal circuits is damaged. If some of display and function signals of this product are cut while this product is working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. VCC should be cut when the display and function signals are stopped.

Note3: The backlight should be turned on within the valid period of display and function signals, in order to avoid unstable data display.

4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board

CN1 socket (LCD module side): DF9C-41P-1V (2*) (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd. (HRS))

Adaptable plug: DF9-41S-1V (2*), DF9-41S-1V (3*) (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd. (HRS))

_	le plug:	DF9-41S-1V (2*), I	DF9-41S-1V (3*) (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd. (HRS))
Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	GND	Ground	Note1
2	CLK	Dot clock	-
3	GND	Ground	Note1
4	Hsync	Horizontal synchronous signal	
5	Vsync	Vertical synchronous signal	-
6	GND	Ground	
7	GND	Ground	Note1
8	GND	Ground	
9	R0	Red data (LSB)	Least significant bit
10	R1	Red data	
11	R2	Red data	-
12	GND	Ground	Note1
13	R3	Red data	
14	R4	Red data	
15	R5	Red data (MSB)	Most significant bit
16	GND	Ground	
17	GND	Ground	Note1
18	GND	Ground	
19	G0	Green data (LSB)	Least significant bit
20	G1	Green data	
21	G2	Green data	-
22	GND	Ground	Note1
23	G3	Green data	
24	G4	Green data	-
25	G5	Green data (MSB)	Most significant bit
26	GND	Ground	
27	GND	Ground	Note1
28	GND	Ground	
29	B0	Blue data (LSB)	Least significant bit
30	B1	Blue data	
31	B2	Blue data	-
32	GND	Ground	Note1
33	B3	Blue data	
34	B4	Blue data	-
35	B5	Blue data (MSB)	Most significant bit
36	GND	Ground	Note1
37	DE	Selection of DE / Fixed mode	Data enable signal: DE mode
		Selection of DE / I fact mode	High or Open: Fixed mode
38	N.C.	-	Keep this pin Open.
39	VCC	Power supply	Note1
40	VCC	Power supply	
41	DPS	Selection of scan direction	High: Reverse scan Low or Open: Normal scan Note2

Note1: All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.

Note2: See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".

4.5.2 Backlight lamp

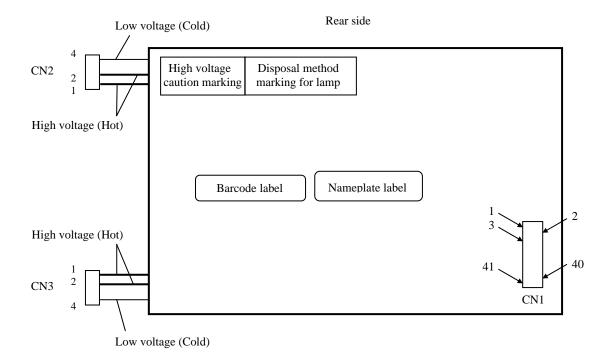
Attention: VBLH and VBLC must be connected correctly. Wrong connections will cause electric shock and also break down of the product.

CN2, CN3 plug (LCD module side): BHR-04VS-1 (J.S.T Mfg. Co., Ltd.)
Adaptable socket: SM03 (7-D1) B-BHS-1-TB (LF) (SN),

SM03 (7-D1) B-BHS-1-TB (J.S.T Mfg. Co., Ltd.)

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	VBLH	High voltage (Hot)	Cable color: Pink
2	VBLH	High voltage (Hot)	Cable color: Pink
3	N.C.	-	Keep this pin Open.
4	VBLC	Low voltage (Cold)	Cable color: White

4.5.3 Positions of plugs and a socket



4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

This product can display in equivalent to 262,144 colors in 64 gray scales. Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as the following table.

Display	/ colors	Data signal (0: Low level, 1: High level)																	
Бізрішу	201015	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В5	B4	В3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
ors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
col	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Basic colors	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Be	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scal	dark	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ay s	\uparrow				:						:						:		
Red gray scale	\downarrow				:						:						:		
Rec	bright	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
. SC:	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
gray	↑				:						:						:		
Green gray scale	\downarrow				:						:						:		
jre	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ile		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
sca	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
ray	Î				:						:						:		
Blue gray scale	↓		0		:	•	_				:	_	_			_	:	_	
Blt	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
	D1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS

The following table is the coordinates per pixel (See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".).

C (0,	0)								
R G B									
$\begin{array}{ccc} C(&0,&0) \end{array}$	C(1, 0)		C(X, 0)		C(798, 0)	C(799, 0)			
C(0, 1)	C(1, 1)	• • •	C(X, 1)	• • •	C(798, 1)	C(799, 1)			
•	•	•	•	•	•	•			
•	•	• • •	•	• • •	•	• • •			
•	•	•	•	•	•	•			
C(0, Y)	C(1, Y)	• • •	C(X, Y)	• • •	C(798, Y)	C(799, Y)			
•	•	•	•	•	•	•			
•	•		•		•	•			
•	•	•	•	•	•	•			
C(0, 598)	C(1,598)	• • •	C(X, 598)	• • •	C(798, 598)	C(799, 598)			
C(0, 599)	C(1, 599)		C(X, 599)		C(798, 599)	C(799, 599)			

4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS

The following figures are seen from a front view. Also the arrow shows the direction of scan.

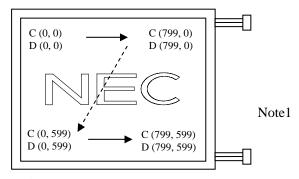


Figure 1. Normal scan (DPS: Low or Open)

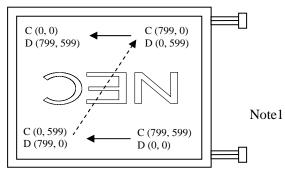


Figure 2. Reverse scan (DPS: High)

Note1: Meaning of C (X, Y) and D (X, Y)

C(X, Y): The coordinates of the display position (See "4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS".)

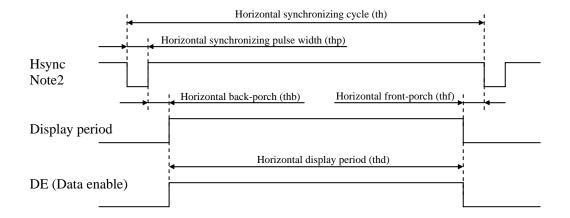
 $D\left(X,Y\right) :$ The data number of input signal for LCD panel signal processing board

4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS

4.9.1 Outline of input signal timings

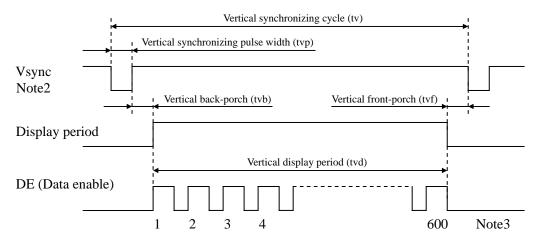
• Horizontal signal

Note1



• Vertical signal

Note1



Note1: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing. Note2: Fixed mode cannot be used while working of DE mode.

Note3: See "4.9.3 Input signal timing chart" for numeration of pulse.

4.9.2 Timing characteristics

(a) Fixed mode

(Note1)

Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks	
	Frequency		1/tc	34.0	38.362	40.0	MHz	26.067ns (typ.)
CLK		Duty		0.4	0.5	0.6	-	
	Rise ti	me, Fall time	terf	-	-	10	ns	-
DATA	CLK-DATA	Setup time	tds	8	-	1	ns	
(R0-R5) (G0-G5)	CLK-DATA	Hold time	tdh	10	-	ı	ns	-
(B0-B5)	Rise ti	me, Fall time	tdrf	1	-	10	ns	
		Cycle	th	24.0	26.693	30.1	μs	37.463kHz (typ.)
		Cycle	uii		1,024		CLK	
	Disp	play period	thd		800		CLK	
	Fro	ont-porch	thf		24		CLK	-
Hsync	Pulse width		thp	12	72	ı	CLK	
HSylic	Back-porch		thb	-	128	188	CLK	
	Total of pulse width and back-porch		thp + thb	200			CLK	Note2
	CLK- Hsync	Setup time	ths	8	-	ı	ns	-
		Hold time	thh	10	-	1	ns	
	Rise time, Fall time		thrf	1	-	10	ns	
	Cycle		tsz	16.1	16.683	17.2	ms	59.94Hz (typ.)
			tv	625			Н	
	Display period		tvd	600			Н	
	Front-porch		tvf	1		Н	-	
Vsync	Pulse width		tvp	1	2	1	Н	
	Back-porch		tvb	-	22	23	Н	
	Total of pulse width and back-porch		tvp + tvb		24		Н	Note2
	Hsync-Vsync timing		thv	1	-	1	CLK	
	Vsync-Hsync timing		tvh	15	-	-	ns	-
	Rise ti	me, Fall time	tvrf	1	-	10	ns	

Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

tc= 1CLK, tcd= tch/tc, th= 1H

Note2: Keep tvp + tvb and thp + thb within the table. If it is out of specification, display position will be shifted to right/left side or up/down.

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(b) DE mode

(Note1, Note2)

Parameter			Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks	
	Frequency		1/tc	34.0	38.362	40.0	MHz	26.067ns (typ.)	
CLK	Duty		tcd	0.4	0.5	0.6	-		
	Rise tim	ne, Fall time	terf	-	-	10	ns	-	
DATA	CLK-DATA	Setup time	tds	8	-	-	ns		
(R0-R5) (G0-G5)	CLK-DAIA	Hold time	tdh	10	-	-	ns	-	
(B0-B5)	Rise tim	Rise time, Fall time		-	-	10	ns		
Puls		se width	tvp	1	2	-	Н		
Vsync	Vsync -DE	Setup time	tvds	1	-	1	CLK		
Vsylic	V Sylic -DE	Hold time	tvdh	1	-	-	CLK	-	
	Rise tim	tvrf	-	-	10	ns			
	Horizontal	Cycle	th	24.0	26.693	30.1	μs	37.463kHz (typ.)	
				829	1024	1	CLK		
		Display period	thd	800		CLK	-		
		Cycle	tv	16.1	16.683	17.2	ms	59.94Hz (typ.)	
DE	Vertical (One frame)			603	625	-	Н		
		Display period	tvd		600		Н		
	CLK-DE	Setup time	tdes	8	-	-	ns	-	
		Hold time	tdeh	10	-	-	ns		
	Rise time, Fall time		tderf	-	-	10	ns		

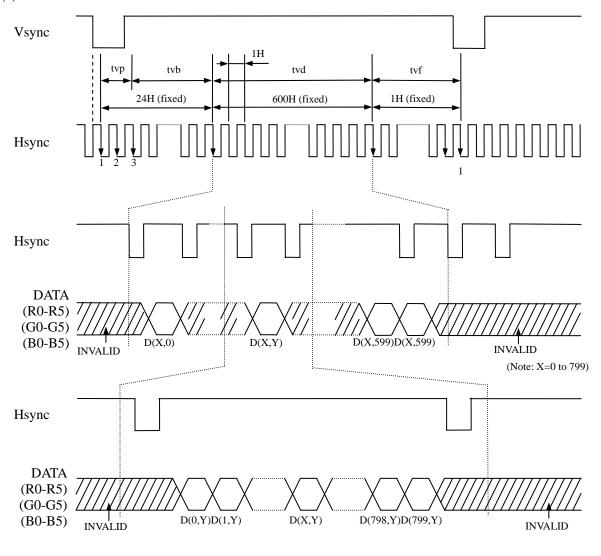
Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

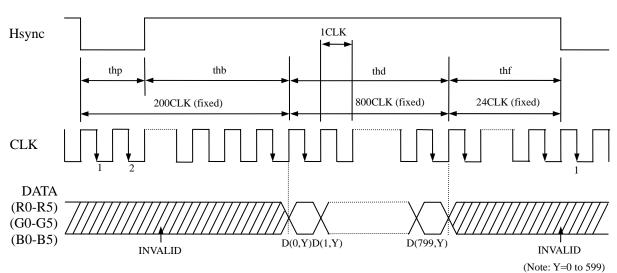
tc= 1CLK, tcd= tch/tc, th= 1H

Note2: Hsync signal (CN1-Pin No.4) is not used inside the product at DE mode, but do not keep these pins open to avoid noise problem.

4.9.3 Input signal timing chart

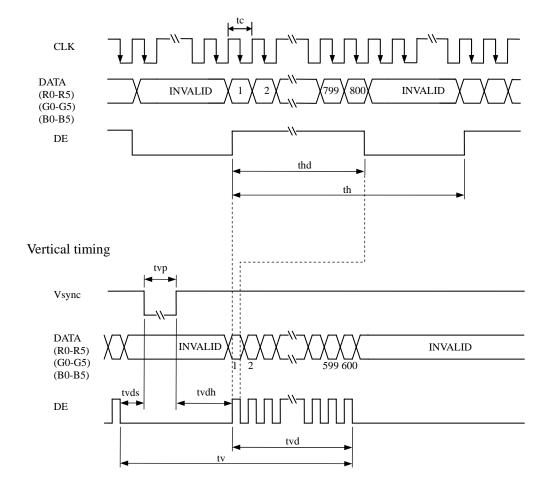
(a) Fixed mode



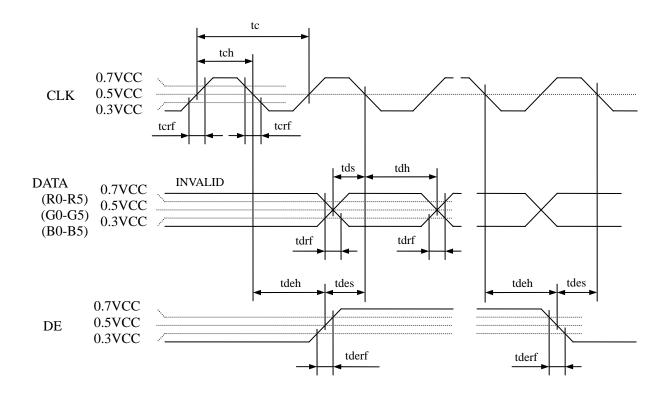


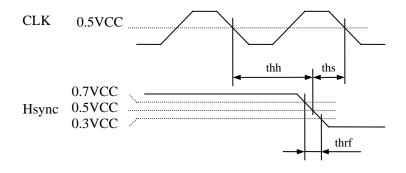
(b) DE mode

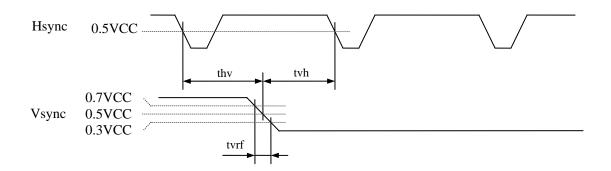
Horizontal timing



(c) Common item of Fixed mode and DE mode







4.10 OPTICS

4.10.1 Optical characteristics

(Note1, Note2)

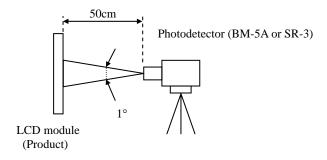
Paramete	r	Condition	Symbol min. typ. max. Un		Unit	Measuring instrument	Remarks		
Luminanc	e	White at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	L	800	1,100	-	cd/m ²	BM-5A	-
Contrast ra	tio	White/Black at center $\theta R=0^{\circ}$, $\theta L=0^{\circ}$, $\theta U=0^{\circ}$, $\theta D=0^{\circ}$	CR	300	600	ı	-	BM-5A	Note3
Luminance unif	formity	White $\theta R=0^{\circ}$, $\theta L=0^{\circ}$, $\theta U=0^{\circ}$, $\theta D=0^{\circ}$	LU	-	1.25	1.40	-	BM-5A	Note4
	White	x coordinate	Wx	0.283	0.313	0.343	-		
	Willia	y coordinate	Wy	0.299	0.329	0.359	-		
	Red	x coordinate	Rx	-	0.586	1	-	SR-3	Note5
Chromaticity		y coordinate	Ry	-	0.345	-	-		
Cinomaticity	Green	x coordinate	Gx	-	0.327	-	-		
		y coordinate	Gy	-	0.518	-	-		
	Blue	x coordinate	Bx	-	0.156	-	-		
	Diuc	y coordinate	By	-	0.145	-	-		
Color gamut		θ R= 0°, θ L= 0°, θ U= 0°, θ D= 0° at center, against NTSC color space	С	35	40	-	%		
Dasmanas ti		White to Black	Ton	-	8	10	ms	BM-5A	Note6
Response ti	me	Black to White	Toff	-	25	30	ms	DIVI-3A	Note7
	Right	θU= 0°, θD= 0°, CR≥ 10	θR	60	70	-	0		
Viewine on -1-	Left	θU= 0°, θD= 0°, CR≥ 10	θL	60	70	-	0	EZ Contac-t	Note 0
Viewing angle	Up	θR= 0°, θL= 0°, CR≥ 10	θU	35	45	-	0	EZ Contrast	Note8
	Down	θR= 0°, θL= 0°, CR≥ 10	θD	45	55	-	0		

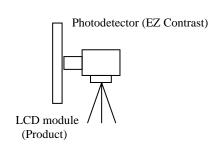
Note1: These are initial characteristics.

Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

Ta= 25°C, VCC= 3.3V, IBL= 6.0mArms/lamp, Display mode: SVGA, Horizontal cycle= 1/37.463kHz, Vertical cycle= 1/59.94Hz, DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation after 20minutes from working the product, in the dark room. Also measurement methods are as follows.





Note3: See "4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio".

Note4: See "4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity".

Note5: These coordinates are found on CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.

Note6: Product surface temperature: TopF= 31°C Note7: See "**4.10.4 Definition of response times**". Note8: See "**4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles**".

4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio

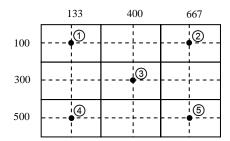
The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

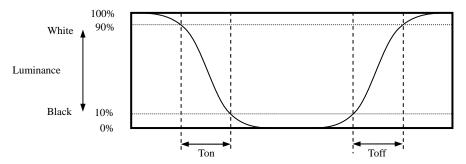
$$Luminance \ uniformity \ (LU) = \ \frac{Maximum \ luminance \ from \ \textcircled{1} \ to \ \textcircled{5}}{Minimum \ luminance \ from \ \textcircled{1} \ to \ \textcircled{5}}$$

The luminance is measured at near the 5 points shown below.

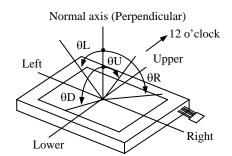


4.10.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured, the luminance changes from "white" to "black", or "black" to "white" on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time it takes the luminance change from 90% down to 10%. Also Toff is the time it takes the luminance change from 10% up to 90% (See the following diagram.).



4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles

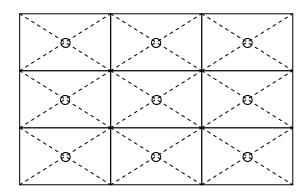


5. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test item	Condition	Judgment
High temperature and humidity (Operation)		
High temperature (Operation)	 ① 70 ± 3°C, 240hours ② Display data is black. 	
Heat cycle (Operation)	 1 -10 ± 3°C1hour 70 ± 3°C1hour 2 50cycles, 4 hours/cycle 3 Display data is black. 	
Thermal shock (Non operation)	 -20 ± 3°C30minutes 80 ± 3°C30minutes 100cycles, 1hour/cycle Temperature transition time is within 5 minutes. 	No display malfunctions Note1
ESD (Operation)	 150pF, 150Ω, ±10kV 9 places on a panel surface Note2 10 times each places at 1 sec interval 	
Dust (Operation)	 Sample dust: No. 15 (by JIS-Z8901)) 15 seconds stir 8 times repeat at 1 hour interval 	
Vibration (Non operation)	,	
Mechanical shock (Non operation)	Mechanical shock ① 539m/s², 11ms ② +X +Y +Z direction	

Note1: Display and appearance are checked under environmental conditions equivalent to the inspection conditions of defect criteria.

Note2: See the following figure for discharge points.



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6. PRECAUTIONS

6.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning. Be sure to read "6.2 CAUTIONS" and "6.3 ATTENTIONS", after understanding these contents!



This sign has the meaning that customer will be injured by himself or the product will sustain a damage, if customer has wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that customer will get an electrical shock, if customer has wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that customer will be injured by himself, if customer has wrong operations.

6.2 CAUTIONS



* Do not touch the working backlight. There is a danger of an electric shock.



- * Do not touch the working backlight. There is a danger of burn injury.
- * Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (Shock: To be not greater 539m/s² and to be not greater 11ms, Pressure: To be not greater 19.6 N (\$\phi\$16mm jig))





6.3.1 Handling of the product

- ① Take hold of both ends without touching the circuit board when the product (LCD module) is picked up from inner packing box to avoid broken down or misadjustment, because of stress to mounting parts on the circuit board.
- ② Do not hook nor pull cables such as lamp cable, and so on, in order to avoid any damage.
- 3 When the product is put on the table temporarily, display surface must be placed downward.
- 4 When handling the product, take the measures of electrostatic discharge with such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, because the product may be damaged by electrostatic.
- ⑤ The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m. Higher torque might result in distortion of the bezel.
- (§) The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area). Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion may cause display mura.
- ① Do not press or rub on the sensitive product surface. When cleaning the product surface, use of the cloth with ethanolic liquid such as screen cleaner for LCD is recommended.
- On not push nor pull the interface connectors while the product is working.
- Do not bend or unbend the lamp cable at the near part of the lamp holding rubber, to avoid the damage for high voltage side of the lamp.

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- 1 If the lamp cable is attached on the metal part of the product directly, high frequency leak current to the metal part may occur, then the brightness may decrease or the lamp may not be turned on.
- ① When not connecting FG of the LCD module to the customer's equipment ground, inverter noise may create video noise on the LCD screen.
- [®] When handling the product, use of an original protection sheet on the product surface (polarizer) is recommended for protection of product surface. Adhesive type protection sheet may change color or characteristics of the polarizer.

6.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in packing box with antistatic pouch in room temperature to avoid dusts and sunlight, when storing the product.
- ② In order to prevent dew condensation occurring by temperature difference, the product packing box should be opened after enough time being left under the environment of an unpacking room. Evaluate the leaving time sufficiently because a situation of dew condensation occurring is changed by the environmental temperature and humidity. (Recommended leaving time: 6 hours or more with packing state)
- 3 Do not operate in high magnetic field. Circuit boards may be broken down by it.
- 4 This product is not designed as radiation hardened.

6.3.3 Characteristics

The following items are neither defects nor failures.

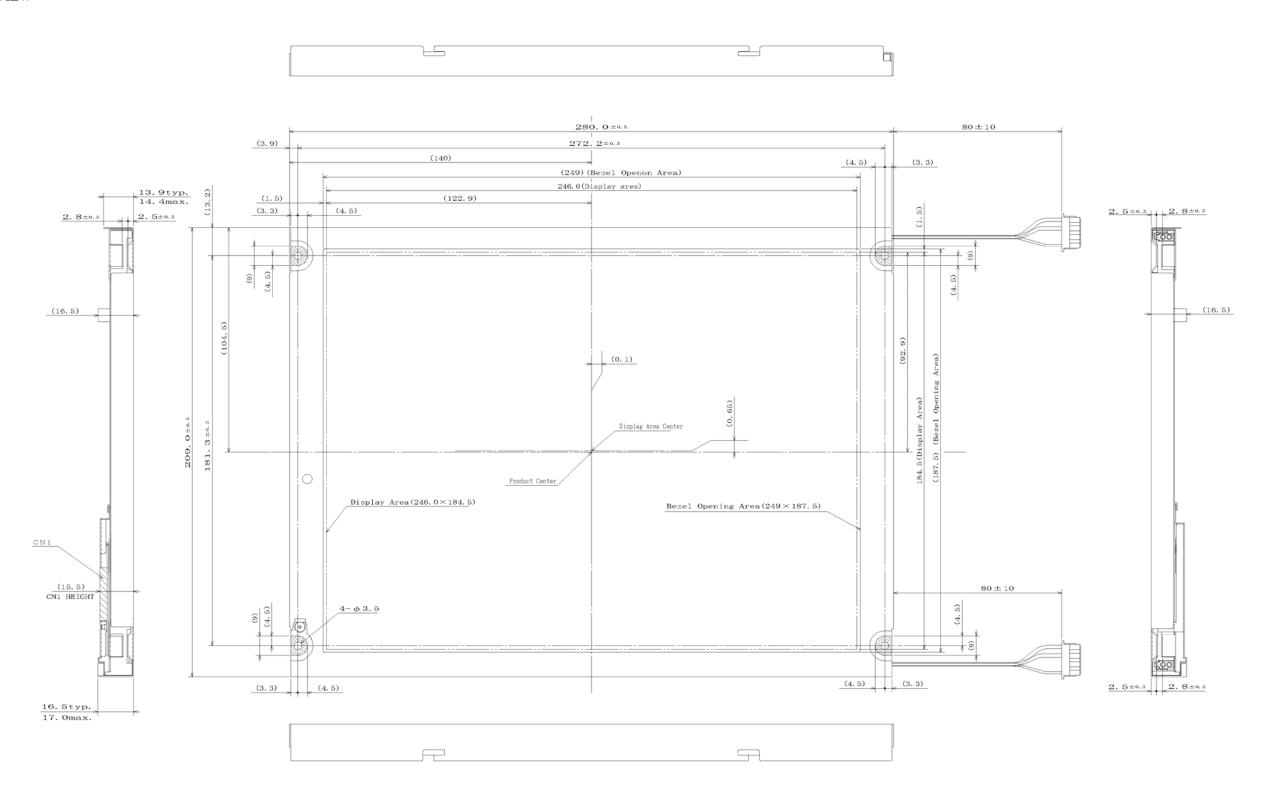
- ① Response time, luminance and color may be changed by ambient temperature.
- ② Display mura, flicker, vertical seam or small spot may be observed depending on display patterns.
- ③ Optical characteristics (e.g. luminance, display uniformity, etc.) gradually is going to change depending on operating time, and especially low temperature, because the LCD has cold cathode fluorescent lamps.
- 4 Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- (5) The display color may be changed depending on viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
- 6 Optical characteristics may be changed depending on input signal timings.
- The interference noise between input signal frequency for this product's signal processing board and luminance control frequency of the inverter may appear on a display. Set up luminance control frequency of the inverter so that the interference noise does not appear.

6.3.4 Other

- ① All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.
- ② Do not disassemble a product or adjust variable resistors.
- ③ See "REPLACEMENT MANUAL FOR LAMP HOLDER SET", when replacing backlight lamps.
- 4 Pay attention not to insert foreign materials inside of the product, when using tapping screws.
- ⑤ Pack the product with original shipping package, in order to avoid any damages during transportation, when returning the product to NEC for repair and so on.

7. OUTLINE DRAWINGS

7.1 FRONT VIEW



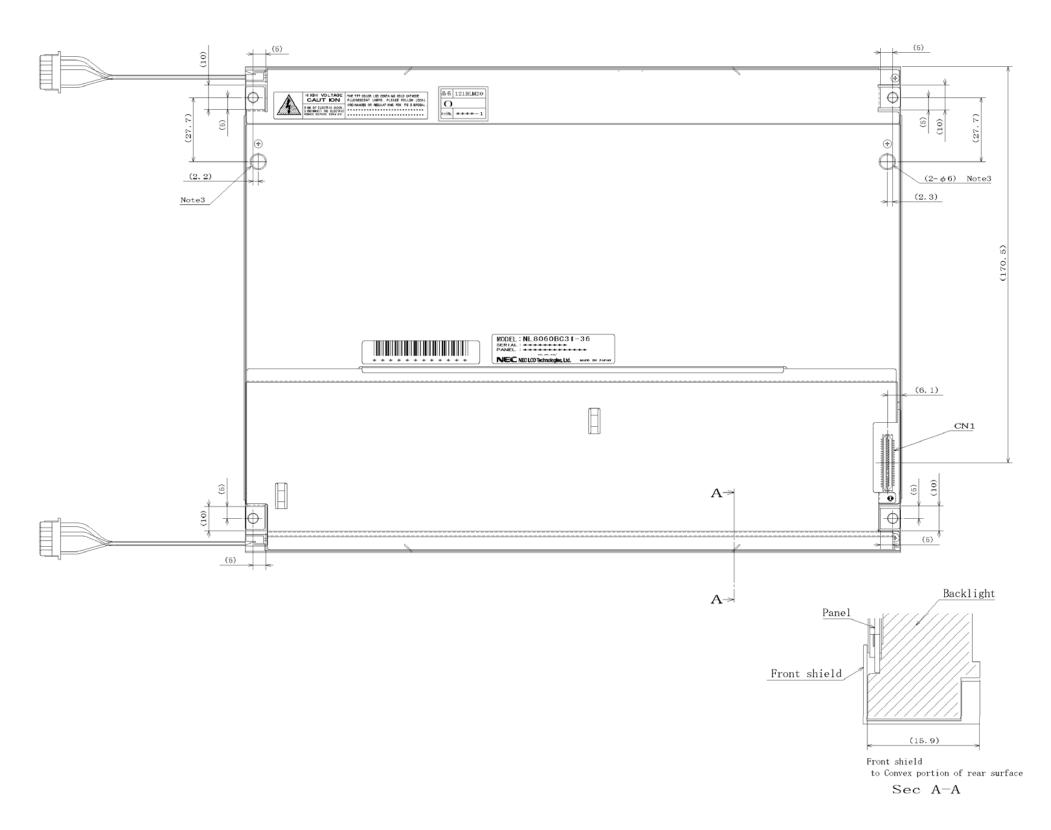
Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m.

Note3: Mounting hole portions (4 pieces)

Unit: mm

7.2 REAR VIEW



Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed $0.294 N \cdot m$.

Note3: Do not add undue stress to circular convex (φ6mm) in installed product.

Unit: mm



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REVISION HISTORY

The inside of latest specifications is revised to the clerical error and the major improvement of previous edition. Only a changed part such as functions, characteristic value and so on that may affect a design of customers, are described especially below.

Edition	Document number	Prepared date	Revision contents and signature			
1st edition	DOD-PP- 0039	Sep. 6, 2006	Revision contents New issue.			
			Signature of writer Approved by Ogaun	Checked by	Prepared by	
			T. OGAWA		A. KUMANO	