

November 2010 Rev. 2.0.0

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The SP2525A device is an integrated high-side power switch ideal for self-powered and buspowered Universal Serial Bus (USB) applications.

The high-side switches are MOSFETs with $70m\Omega$ R_{DS(ON)}, which meets USB voltage drop requirements for maximum transmission wire length. Multi-purpose open-drain fault flag output indicates over-current limiting, thermal shutdown, or under voltage lockout. Output current is typically limited to 0.85A below the 5A safety requirement, and the thermal shutdown function shuts the switch off to prevent damage under overcurrent conditions. Guaranteed minimum output rise time limits inrush current during hot plug-in, minimizing EMI and preventing the voltage at the upstream port from dropping excessively.

The SP2525A is offered in a RoHS compliant "green"/halogen free 8-pin NSOIC package.

APPLICATIONS

- Self Powered USB 2.0 and 3.0 Hubs
- USB Compliant V_{BUS} Power Distribution
- Audio-Video Equipments
- Generic Power Switching

FEATURES

- +3.0V to +5.5V Input Voltage Range
- 500mA Continuous Load Current per Channel
- 2.6V Undervoltage Lockout
- 1.25A Short Circuit Current Limit
- 100mΩ Maximum On-Resistance
- 75µA On-State Supply Current
- 1µA Shutdown Current
- Output can be Forced Higher than Input (Off-State)
- Thermal Shutdown
- Slow Turn On and Fast Turn Off
- Active-high Version: SP2525A-1
- Active-low Version: SP2525A-2
- RoHS Compliant, Green/Halogen Free 8-Pin NSOIC Package

TYPICAL APPLICATION DIAGRAM

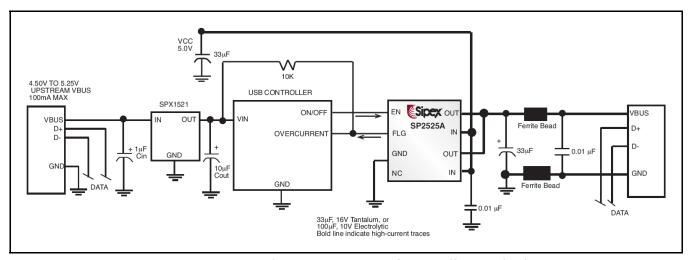


Fig. 1: SP2525A Application Diagram – Single Port Self Powered Hub



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these ratings or any other above those indicated in the operation sections of the specifications below is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect reliability.

Supply Voltage V _{IN}	7.0V
Fault Flag Voltage V _{FLG}	7.0V
Fault Flag Current I _{FLG}	50mA
Enable Input V _{EN}	0.3V to 15V
Storage Temperature	65°C to 150°C
Power Dissipation (NSOIC-8)	
(derate 6.14mW/°C above 70°C)	500mW

OPERATING RATINGS

Ambient Temperature Range -40°C to 85°C

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Specifications with standard type are for an Operating Ambient Temperature of $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ only; limits applying over the full Operating Junction Temperature range are denoted by a "•". Minimum and Maximum limits are guaranteed through test, design, or statistical correlation. Typical values represent the most likely parametric norm at $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, and are provided for reference purposes only. Unless otherwise indicated, $V_{IN} = 5.0V$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Supply Current		0.75	5.0		V _{EN} = Logic "0" OUT =open
		75	100	μA	V _{EN} = Logic "1" OUT =open
E 11 T 17/16	0.8	1.7		V	V _{EN} = Logic "0"
Enable Input Voltage		2.0	2.4	V	V _{EN} = Logic "1"
Enable Input Current		0.01	1		V _{EN} = Logic "0"
Enable Input Current		0.01	1	μA	V _{EN} = Logic "1"
Enable Input Capacitance		1		pF	
Output MOSFET Resistance		70	100	mΩ	
Output turn-on delay		100		μs	$R_L=10\Omega$, each output
Output turn-on rise time		1000	4000	μs	$R_L=10\Omega$, each output
Output turn-off delay		0.8	20	μs	$R_L=10\Omega$, each output
Output turn-off fall time		0.7	20	μs	$R_L=10\Omega$, each output
Output Leakage Current			10	μΑ	
Current limit threshold	0.6	1.0	1.25	Α	
Over temperature shutdown		135		°C	Temperature T₁ raising
threshold		125			Temperature T ₁ decreasing
Error Flag Output Resistance		10	25	Ω	$V_{IN}=5V$, $I_L=10mA$
		15	40	75	V _{IN} =3.3V, I _L =10mA
Error Flag Current		0.01	1	μΑ	
UVLO threshold		2.6		V	V _{IN} increasing
OVLO tillesiloid		2.4		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	V _{IN} decreasing



BLOCK DIAGRAM

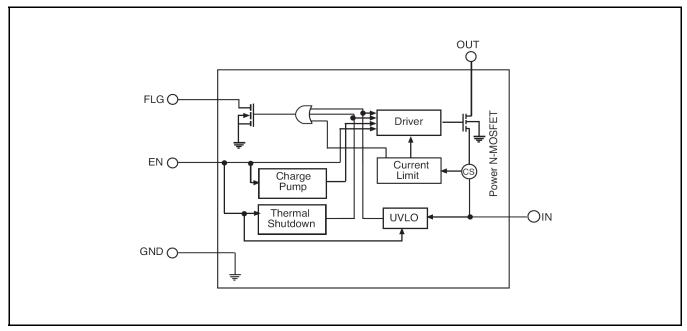


Fig. 2: SP2525A Block Diagram

PIN ASSIGNMENT

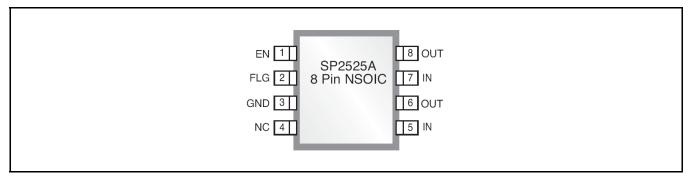


Fig. 3: SP2525A Pin Assignment

PIN DESCRIPTION

Name	Pin Number	Description	
EN	1	Enable Input Active High for SP2525A-1 and Active Low for SP2525A-2	
FLG	2	An active-low and open-drained fault flag output for power switch. It can indicate current limit if CTL is active. In normal mode operation, it also can indicate thermal shutdown or under voltage	
GND	3	Chip Power Ground	
NC	4	Not Internally Connected	
IN	5, 7	Power Supply Input	
OUT	6, 8	MOSFET Switch Output	

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ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Temperature Range	Marking	Package	Packing Quantity	Note 1	Note 2
SP2525A-1EN-L	-40°C≤T _A ≤+85°C			Bulk	RoHS Compliant	Enable
SP2525A-1EN-L/TR	-40°C≤T _A ≤+85°C	2525A-1E NSOIC8 YYWWL		2.5K/Tape & Reel	Tronio compilant	Active high
SP2525A-2EN-L	-40°C≤T _A ≤+85°C	Sipex		Bulk	Trons compliant	Enable Active Low
SP2525A-2EN-L/TR	-40°C≤T _A ≤+85°C	2525A-2E YYWWL	NSOIC8	2.5K/Tape & Reel		

[&]quot;YY" = Year - "WW" = Work Week - "X" = Lot Number

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

All data taken at V_{IN} = 5.0V, T_{A} = 25°C, unless otherwise specified - Schematic and BOM from Application Information section of this datasheet.

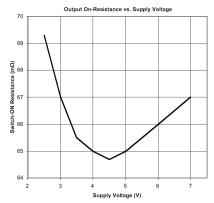
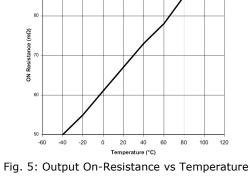


Fig. 4: Output On-Resistance vs Supply Voltage



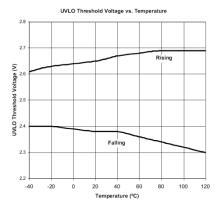


Fig. 6: UVLO Threshold vs Temperature

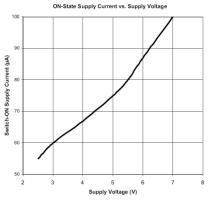


Fig. 7: On-state Supply Current vs Supply Voltage

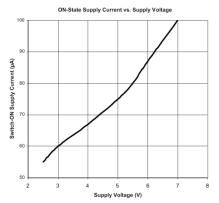


Fig. 8: On-state Supply Current vs Temperature

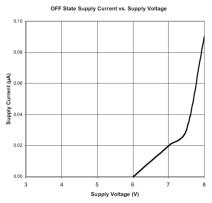


Fig. 9: Off-state Supply Current vs Supply Voltage



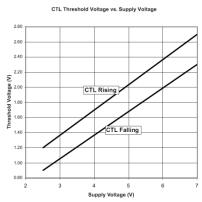


Fig. 10: CTL Threshold vs Supply Voltage

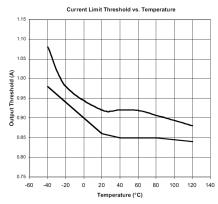


Fig. 11: Current Limit Threshold vs Temperature

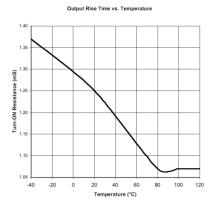


Fig. 12: Output Rise Time vs Temperature

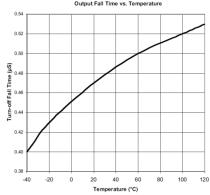


Fig. 13: Output Fall Time vs Temperature

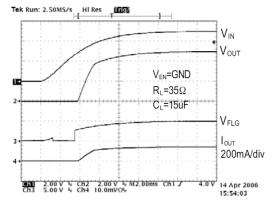


Fig. 14: Input Voltage Response

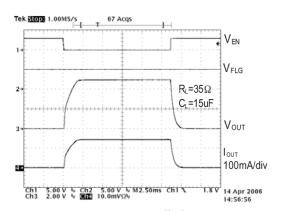


Fig. 15: Turn-On, Turn-Off Characteristics



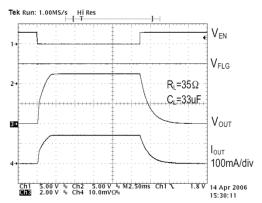


Fig. 16: Turn-On, Turn-Off Characteristics

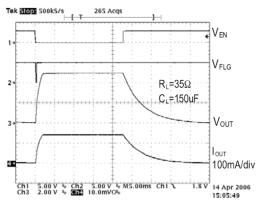


Fig. 17: Turn-On, Turn-Off Characteristics

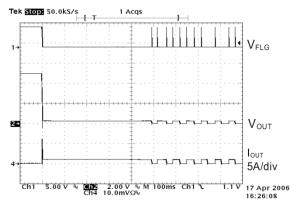


Fig. 18: Short Circuit Response (Short applied to Output)

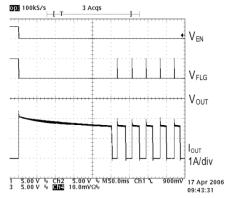


Fig. 19: Short Circuit Response (Enable to Short Circuit)

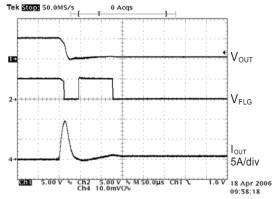


Fig. 20: Short Circuit Transient Response (Short applied to Output)

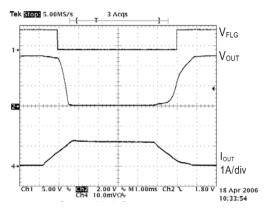


Fig. 21: Current Limit Response (Ramped Load)



APPLICATION INFORMATION

ERROR FLAG

The Error Flag is an open-drained output of an N-channel MOSFET, the FLG output is pulled low to signal the following fault conditions: input undervoltage, output current limit, and thermal shutdown.

CURRENT LIMIT

The current limit threshold is preset internally. It protects the output MOSFET switches from damage resulting from undesirable short circuit conditions or excess inrush current, which is often encountered during hot plug-in. The low limit of the current limit threshold of the SP2525A allows a minimum current of 0.5A through the MOSFET switches. A current limit condition will signal the Error Flag.

THERMAL SHUTDOWN

When the temperature of the SP2525A exceeds 135°C for any reasons, the thermal shutdown function turns off the MOSFET switch and signals the Error Flag. A hysteresis of 10°C prevents the MOSFETs from turning back on until the chip temperature drops below 125°C.

SUPPLY FILTERING

A $0.1\mu F$ to $1\mu F$ bypass capacitor from IN to GND, located near the device, is strongly recommended to control supply transients. Without a bypass capacitor, an output short may cause ringing on the input (from supply lead inductance) which can damage internal control circuitry.

TRANSIENT REQUIREMENTS

USB supports dynamic attachment (hot plugin) of peripherals. A current surge is caused by the input capacitance of a downstream device. Ferrite beads are recommended in series with all power and ground connector pins. Ferrite beads reduce EMI and limit the inrush current during hotattachment by filtering high-frequency signals.

SHORT CIRCUIT TRANSIENT

Bulk capacitance provides the short-term transient current needed during a hot-attachment event. A $33\mu\text{F}/16\text{V}$ tantalum or a $100\mu\text{F}/10\text{V}$ electrolytic capacitor mounted close to the downstream connector at each port should provide sufficient transient drop protection.

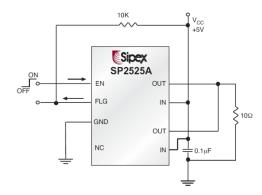
PRINTED CIRCUIT LAYOUT

The Power circuitry of USB printed circuit boards requires a customized layout to maximize thermal dissipation and to minimize voltage drop and EMI.

INPUT AND OUTPUT

The independent solid state switch connects the IN pin to the OUT pin when enabled by a logic signal at EN. The IN pin is the power supply connection to the internal circuitry and the drain of the output MOSFET. The OUT pin is the source for the MOSFET. Typically, the current in USB application will flow through the switch from IN to OUT towards the load. If VOUT is greater than VIN when a switch is enabled, the current will flow from OUT to the IN pin because the MOSFET channels are bidirectional when switched on. The output source is allowed to be externally forced to a higher voltage than its input without causing unwanted current flow when the output is disabled.

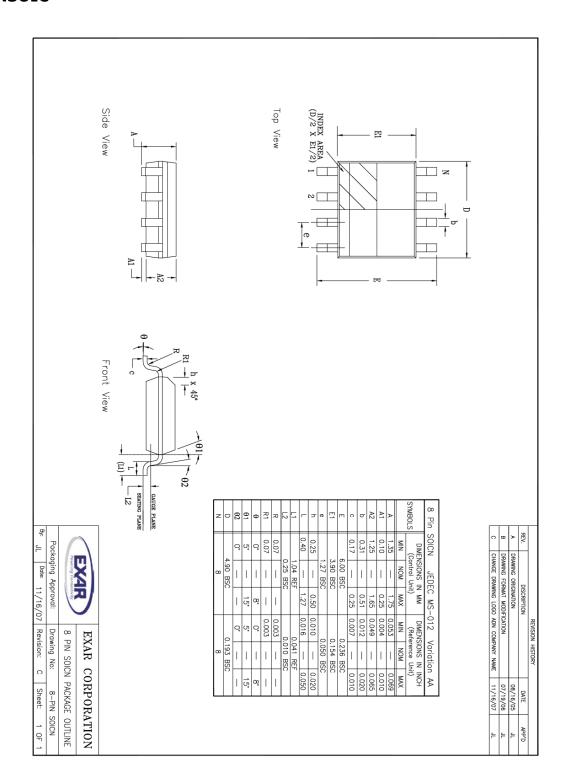
TEST CIRCUIT





PACKAGE SPECIFICATION

8-PIN NSOIC





REVISION HISTORY

Revision	Date	Description
2.0.0	11/10/2010	Reformat of datasheet
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FOR FURTHER ASSISTANCE

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EXAR CORPORATION

HEADQUARTERS AND SALES OFFICES

48720 Kato Road

Fremont, CA 94538 - USA

Tel.: +1 (510) 668-7000

Fax: +1 (510) 668-7030

www.exar.com

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