SmartSwitch ${ }^{\text {TM }}$

## General Description

The AAT4616 SmartSwitch is a current limited P-channel MOSFET power switch designed for high side load switching applications. This switch operates with inputs ranging from 2.4 V to 5.5 V , making it ideal for both 3 V and 5 V systems. An integrated, highly accuarate current-limiting circuit protects the input supply against large currents which may cause the supply to fall out of regulation. Reverse current blocking is provided to protect the load switch from reverse current flows while the device is in shutdown.

The AAT4616 is also protected from thermal overload which limits power dissipation and junction temperature. Current limit threshold is programmed with a resistor from SET to ground and may be adjusted for load levels up to 1.6A. The ultra-fast current limit response to a sudden short circuit is a mere $2 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ which reduces the requirements of local supply bypassing. An open drain FAULT flag signals an over-current or over-temperature condition. To prevent false reporting, a 4ms time interval is used at startup (charging a capacitive load), where fault conditions are not monitored and reported. Quiescent current is a low $10 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ and the supply current decreases to less than $1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ in shutdown mode.

The AAT4616 is offered in the small Pb -free, 5 -pin SOT23-5 and TDFN22-8 packages, and is specified for operation over the $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient temperature range.

Ultra High Accuracy Adjustable Current Limited Load Switch
with Fault Flag

## Features

- Input Voltage Range: 2.4 V to 5.5 V
- Programmable Over-current Limit Setting - 300 mA to 1.6 A
- $+/-5 \%$ High Current Limit Accuracy at 750 mA
- Fast Transient Response:
- $2 \mu$ s Response to Short Circuit
- Low Quiescent Current
- 10رA Typical while Enabled
- $1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ Max with Switch Off
- $130 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ Typical $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(\mathrm{on})}$
- Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO)
- Reverse Blocking During Disable
- 4ms Fault Masking at Start-up (Capacitive Load)
- Fault Flag Open Drain Output
- Active Hi/Lo Enable Options
- Over Temperature Protection
- SOT23-5 and TDFN22-8 Package
- Temperature Range: $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}$


## Applications

- USB Ports
- Portable Products
- Hot Swap Supplies
- Notebook Computers
- Proprietary Peripheral Ports


## Typical Application



## Pin Descriptions

| Pin \# |  | Symbol | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| SOT23-5 | TDFN22-8 |  |  |
| 1 | 7,8 | OUT | Current limiting load switch output (high side P-channel MOSFET Drain). Connect a <br> 0.47 uF capacitor from OUT to GND for best load transient response. |
| 2 | 5 | GND | IC Ground Connection |

## Pin Configuration

SOT23-5
(Top View)


## Absolute Maximum Ratings ${ }^{1}$

| Symbol | Description | Value | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$ | IN to GND | -0.3 to 6 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ON, }} \mathrm{V}_{\text {FLT }}$ | ON/ON, FLT to GND | -0.3 to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}+0.3$ |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {SET, }} \mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}$ | SET, OUT to GND | -0.3 to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}+0.3$ |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {MAX }}$ | Maximum DC Output Current ${ }^{2}$ | 2 | A |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {J }}$ | Operating Junction Temperature Range | -40 to 150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {STG }}$ | Storage Temperature Range | -40 to 150 |  |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {LEAD }}$ | Maximum Soldering Temperature (at leads) | 300 |  |

## Thermal Characteristics

| Symbol | Package | Description | Value | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | TDFN22-8 | Thermal Resistance | 74 |  |
|  | SOT23-5 |  | 220 | W |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}$ | TDFN22-8 | Power Dissipation ${ }^{3,4}$ | 1.35 |  |

## Recommended Operating Conditions

| Symbol | Description | Min | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$ | Input Voltage | 2.4 | 5.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ON(H) }}$ | High-level Input Voltage | 1.4 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ON(L) }}$ | Low-level Input Voltage |  | 0.5 |  |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | Operating Temperature | -40 | +85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

[^0]
## SmartSwitch ${ }^{T M}$

Ultra High Accuracy Adjustable Current Limited Load Switch with Fault Flag

## Electrical Characteristics

$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

| Symbol | Description | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$ | Input Voltage Range |  | 2.4 |  | 5.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Q}}$ | Operation Quiescent Current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{ON} / \overline{\mathrm{ON}}=$ Active, $\mathrm{I}_{\text {OUT }}=0$ |  | 10 | 25 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Q} \text { (OFF) }}$ | Off Supply Current | ON/ $\overline{\mathrm{ON}}=$ Inactive, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 0.01 | 1 |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {SD(OFF) }}$ | Off Switch Current | $\mathrm{ON} / \overline{\mathrm{ON}}=$ Inactive, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 0.01 | 1 |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {UvL }}$ | Under-Voltage Lockout | Rising Edge, 1\% Hysteresis |  | 1.8 | 2.4 | V |
| V UVLO_HYS | Under-voltage Lockout Hysteresis |  |  | 10 |  | mV |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(\mathrm{ON})}$ | On Resistance | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=5.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 130 | 180 | $\mathrm{m} \Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 150 | 230 |  |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {crds }}$ | On-Resistance Temperature Coefficient |  |  | 2800 |  | ppm $/{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {LIM }}$ | Current Limit | $\mathrm{R}_{\text {SET }}=6.04 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}-0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.71 | 0.75 | 0.79 | A |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {LIM(MIN) }}$ | Minimum Current Limit |  |  | 300 |  | mA |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ON(L) }}$ | ON/ON Input Low Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=2.4 \mathrm{~V}$ to 5.5 V |  |  | 0.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ON(H) }}$ | ON/ $\overline{O N}$ Input High Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=2.4 \mathrm{~V}$ to 5.5 V | 1.4 |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {ON(SINK) }}$ | ON/ON Input Leakage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{ON}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 0.01 |  | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {RESP }}$ | Current Limit Response Time | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 2 |  | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| Ton | Turn-On Time | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{0}=10 \Omega$ |  | 5 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {OFF }}$ | Turn-Off Time | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{0}=10 \Omega$ |  | 10 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {BLank }}$ | Fault Flag Masking Time |  |  | 4 |  | ms |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {FLT(L) }}$ | Fault Flag Logic Low Output | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {FLT(SINK) }}=1 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |  | 0.4 | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {FLT(SİNK) }}$ | Fault Flag Logic High Leakage Current |  |  | 0.03 | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {SD }}$ | Over-Temperature Shutdown Threshold | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 140 |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| T ${ }_{\text {SD_Hrs }}$ | Over-Temperature Shutdown Hysteresis |  |  | 15 |  |  |

## Typical Characteristics








## SmartSwitch ${ }^{\text {TM }}$

Ultra High Accuracy Adjustable Current Limited Load Switch
with Fault Flag

## Typical Characteristics

$\mathrm{ON}(\overline{\mathrm{ON}})$ Threshold vs Input Voltage


AAT4616IPS-1 and AAT4616IGV-1 Turn-Off
$\left(R_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \Omega ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=0.47 \mu \mathrm{~F}\right)$


Time 10.0 $\mathbf{\mu S}$ /div


Time 20.0mS/div


Time 4.0 $\mu \mathrm{S} / \mathrm{div}$

Short Circuit Through $0.3 \Omega$

$$
V_{\mathrm{IN}}=5 \mathrm{~V}
$$



Time 2.0 $\boldsymbol{\mu}$ S/div

Fault Masking Time

$$
\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=5 \mathrm{~V}
$$



Time $1.0 \mathrm{mS} / \mathrm{div}$

## Functional Block Diagram



## Functional Description

The AAT4616 is a single channel current limiting load switch that is intended to protect against short circuit and over-current events by current limiting to a preset level. This device also provides a reverse current blocking feature, ON/OFF enable control and a fault flag to notify a system controller of an over-current, short circuit or over-temperature event. Highly accurate current limit ensures excellent performance over part, process and temperature variations.

In the event of a load current exceeding a user programmed current limit level ( $\mathrm{I}_{\text {LIM }}$ ), a high speed current limit loop limits the current in a microsecond and will reset to low impedance once the short-circuit condition is removed. The AAT4616 is internally protected from thermal damage by an over-temperature detection circuit. If the die temperature reaches the internal thermal limit, the power device is switched off until the die temperature cools to a level below the thermal limit threshold. This device may operate in a thermal cycling state indefinitely or until the over-current condition is removed.

The AAT4616 operates with input voltages ranging from 2.4 V to 5.5 V which, along with its extremely low operating current, makes it ideal for battery-powered applications. In cases where the input voltage drops below 2.4 V , the AAT4616 MOSFET is protected from entering the saturated region of operation by being automatically shutting down via an under-voltage lockout circuit.
Current limit or over temperature conditions are reported by the open drain FAULT output. A 4ms masking interval prevents false reporting during the charging of a capacitive load, which typically occurs during device turn-on, but may also occur during a port hot plug-in event. The AAT4616 is ideally suited for protection of peripheral ports such as USB, RS232, and parallel ports.

## Reverse Current Blocking

The reverse current blocking feature prevents current to flow from OUT to IN when the device is disabled. When the device is enabled, the electrical characteristics between IN and OUT is still similar to an ideal switch, current can flow in either direction.

## Application Information

## Setting Current Limit

AAT4616 current limit can be set by an external resistor ( $\mathrm{R}_{\text {SET }}$ ) connected from the SET pin to GND. $\mathrm{R}_{\text {SET }}$ can be calculated by the following equation:

$$
\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{SET}}=\frac{750 \mathrm{~mA}}{\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{LIM}}} \cdot 6 \mathrm{k} \Omega
$$

where $I_{\text {LIM }}$ is in $m A$ and $R_{\text {SET }}$ in $k \Omega$.
Table 1 summarizes resistor values for current limit settings. Use $1 \%$ tolerance metal film resistors for programming the desired current limit setting. Figure 1 shows the output current vs output voltage with $\mathrm{R}_{\text {SET }}$ equal to $6.04 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.

| $\mathbf{R}_{\text {SET }}(\mathbf{k} \Omega)$ | Current Limit (mA) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 15 | 300 |
| 8.87 | 500 |
| 6.04 | 750 |
| 4.53 | 1000 |
| 3.74 | 1200 |
| 3.09 | 1400 |
| 2.8 | 1600 |

Table 1: Recommended 1\% Tolerance Metal Film Resistors $\mathbf{R}_{\text {SET }}$ for Current Limit.


Figure 1: Current Limit vs Output Voltage with $6.04 \mathrm{k} \Omega \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{SET}}$.

## Input Capacitor

The input capacitor $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ protects the power supply from current transients generated by the load attached to the AAT4616. When a short circuit is suddenly applied to the output of the AAT4616, a large current, limited only by the $R_{\text {DS(ON) }}$ of the MOSFET, will flow for less than $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ before the current limit circuitry activates. In this event, a moderately sized $\mathrm{C}_{\text {IN }}$ will dramatically reduce the voltage transient seen by the power supply and by other circuitry upstream from the AAT4616. The extremely fast short-circuit response time of the AAT4616 reduces the size requirement for $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{IN}}$. $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ should be located as close to the device VIN pin as practically possible. Ceramic, tantalum, or aluminum electrolytic capacitors are appropriate for $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{IN}}$. There is no specific capacitor ESR requirement for $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{IN}}$. For higher current operation, ceramic capacitors are recommended for $\mathrm{C}_{\text {IN }}$ due to their inherent capability over tantalum capacitors to withstand input current surges from low impedance sources such as batteries in portable devices.

## Output Capacitor

In order to insure stability while current limit is active, a low capacitance (approximately $0.47 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ) is required. No matter how large the output capacitor, output current is limited to the value set by the AAT4616 current limiting circuitry, so very large output capacitors can be used.

For example, USB ports are specified to have at least $120 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ of capacitance downstream from their controlling power switch. The current limiting circuit will allow an output capacitance of $1000 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ or more without disturbing the upstream power supply.

## ON/ON (Enable Input)

In many systems, power planes are controlled by integrated circuits which run at lower voltages than the power planes themselves. The enable input (ON/ $\overline{O N}$ ) of the AAT4616 has low and high threshold voltages that accommodate this condition. The threshold voltages are compatible with 5 V TTL and 2.5 V to 5 V CMOS systems.

Both active high and active low options are available for all packages.

## SmartSwitch ${ }^{\text {TM }}$

## Ultra High Accuracy Adjustable Current Limited Load Switch <br> with Fault Flag

## Connecting to Capacitive Load

When switching the AAT4616 onto a capacitive load, the AAT4616 will charge the output capacitive load at a rate no greater than the current limit setting.

## FAULT Output

The FAULT Flag ( $\overline{F L T}$ ) is provided to alert the system if an AAT4616 load is not receiving sufficient voltage to operate properly. If current limit or over-temperature circuits in any combination are active for more than approximately 4 ms , the FAULT Flag is pulled to ground through an approximately $100 \Omega$ resistor. The filtering of voltage or current transients of less than 4 ms prevents capacitive loads connected to the AAT4616 output from activating the FAULT Flag when they are initially attached. Pull-up resistances of $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ to $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ are recommended. Since FLT is an open drain terminal; it may be pulled up to any unrelated voltage less than the maximum operating voltage of 5.5 V , allowing for level shifting between circuits.

## Thermal Considerations

Since the AAT4616 has internal current limit and overtemperature protection, junction temperature is rarely a concern. However, if the application requires large currents in a hot environment, it is possible that temperature, rather than current limit, will be the dominant regulating condition. In these applications, the maximum current available without risk of an over-temperature condition must be calculated. The maximum internal temperature while current limit is not active can be calculated using:

$$
T_{\text {J(MAX) }}=I_{\text {MAX(OUT)-SW(MAX) }}^{2} \cdot R_{\text {DS(ON)(MAX) }} \cdot R_{\text {©JA }}+T_{\text {A(MAX) }}
$$

where
$\mathrm{I}_{\text {MAX }}$ is the maximum current required by the load,
$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(\text { ON)(MAX) }}$ is the maximum rated $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(\text { ON })}$ of the AAT4616 at high temperature
$R_{\text {日jA }}$ is the thermal resistance between the AAT4616 die and the board onto which it is mounted
$T_{A(M A X)}$ is the maximum temperature that the PCB under the AAT4616 would be if the AAT4616 were not dissipating power.

Rearranging the equation to solve for $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}$, we get:

$$
I_{\text {MAX }}=\sqrt{\frac{T_{\text {SD(MIN) }}-T_{A(M A X)}}{R_{\text {DS(ON(MAX) })} \cdot R_{\text {©JA }}}}
$$

Note that $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J} \text { (MAX) }}$ has been replaced by $\mathrm{T}_{\text {SD(MIN), }}$, the minimum temperature required to activate the AAT4616's over-temperature protection. With the typical specification of $140^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is a safe minimum value to use.

For example, if an application is specified to operate in $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ environments, the PCB operates at temperatures as high as $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The application is sealed and its PCB is small, causing $\mathrm{R}_{\theta \mathrm{\theta J}}$ to be approximately $74^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ (TDFN228 package) and $220^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ (SOT23-5 package). Using the equation above, we get:

$$
I_{\operatorname{MAX}}=\sqrt{\frac{125-85}{0.23 \cdot 74}} \text { for TDFN22-8 }
$$

or

$$
I_{\text {max }}=\sqrt{\frac{125-85}{0.23 \cdot 220}} \text { for SOT23 }
$$

## Evaluation Boards

## AAT4616IPS Schematic



Figure 2: AAT4616IPS Evaluation Board Schematic

## AAT4616IPS Board Layout


(a): Top Side

(b): Bottom Side

Figure 3: AAT4616IPS Evaluation Board Layout

## AAT4616IGV Schematic



Figure 4: AAT4616IGV Evaluation Board Schematic

## AAT4616IGV Board Layout


(a): Top Side

(b): Bottom Side

Figure 5: AAT4616 Evaluation Board Layout

| Component | Part Number | Description | Manufacturer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U1 | AAT4616 | Current Limited Load Switch | AnalogicTech |
| C1 | GRM188R71C105K | Cap Ceramic $1 \mu \mathrm{~F} \mathrm{0603} \mathrm{X7R} \mathrm{16V} \mathrm{10} \mathrm{\%}$ |  |
| C2 | GRM188R71C474K | Cap Ceramic $0.47 \mu \mathrm{~F} \mathrm{0603} \mathrm{X7R} \mathrm{16V} \mathrm{10} \mathrm{\%}$ |  |
| RSET | Chip Resistor | Res 6.04k $1 / 16 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{1} \mathrm{\%} \mathrm{0603} \mathrm{SMD}$ | Murata |
| R2 | Chip Resistor | Res $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega 1 / 16 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{1} \mathrm{\%} \mathrm{0603} \mathrm{SMD}$ | Vishay |

Table 2: AAT4616 Evaluation Board Bill of Materials.

## Ordering Information

| Enable Input | Package | Marking $^{\mathbf{1}}$ | Part Number (Tape and Reel) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Active High | TDFN22-8 | R8XYY | AAT4616IPS-1-T1 |
| Active Low | TDFN22-8 |  | AAT4616IPS-T1 |
| Active High | SOT23-5 | R7XYY | AAT4616IGV-1-T1 |
| Active Low | SOT23-5 |  | AAT4616IGV-T1 |

All AnalogicTech products are offered in Pb-free packaging. The term "Pb-free" means semiconductor products that are in compliance with current RoHS standards, including the requirement that lead not exceed $0.1 \%$ by weight in homogeneous materials. For more information, please visit our website at http://www.analogictech.com/aboutus/quality.php.

## Package Information

## TDFN22-8



All dimensions in millimeters

1. XYY = assembly and date code.
2. Sample stock is generally held on all part numbers listed in BOLD.


Advanced Analogic Technologies, Inc.
© Advanced Analogic Technologies, Inc.





 brand and product names appearing in this document are registered trademarks or trademarks of their respective holders.


[^0]:     specified is not implied.
    2. The current rating is based on long-term current density limitations.
    3. Mounted on an FR4 board.
    4. Derated $11.8 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ above $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

